



crea

Consiglio per la ricerca in agricoltura
e l'analisi dell'economia agraria

Centro di ricerca

Ingegneria e Trasformazioni agroalimentari

Advanced agromechanics and Digital Agriculture: *research and innovation in Italy and at CREA*

Paolo Menesatti

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It is the most important Italian research institution in the agro-food, supervised by Ministry of Agricultural Food and Forestry Policies:

- 5000 ha farm
- advanced instruments and labs
- 1800 employees
- 600 researchers



6 disciplinary CENTERS:

- Genomics and bioinformatics
- Agriculture and environment
- Plant protection and certification
- **Engineering and agro-food processing**
- Food and Nutrition
- Policies and the bio-economy



6 supply chain CENTERS :

- Cereal and industrial crops
- Olive, citrus and tree fruit
- Viticulture and enology
- Vegetable and ornamental crops
- Animal production and aquaculture
- Forestry and wood

CREA-IT carries out activities in the field of biosystems engineering, agroindustrial and food processing, especially of fruit and vegetables, cereals and olives, for the sustainable management of the agro-ecosystems, agricultural, agro-food and agro-industrial sectors.

role	TOT
Researchers	55
Technicians	53
administratives	22
Non permanent	25
Tot	155



MILANO

Fruit and vegetables processing: quality, postharvest conservation, biocomponents extraction, new processing techniques (i.e. solar dehydration)



TREVIGLIO (BG)

agricultural engineering applications: tractors, operative machines, testing OCSE code, mechanization, precision and smart farming, digital agriculture



PESCARA

Olive oil and table olive processing: quality analysis and certification



TORINO

Microbiology and food quality



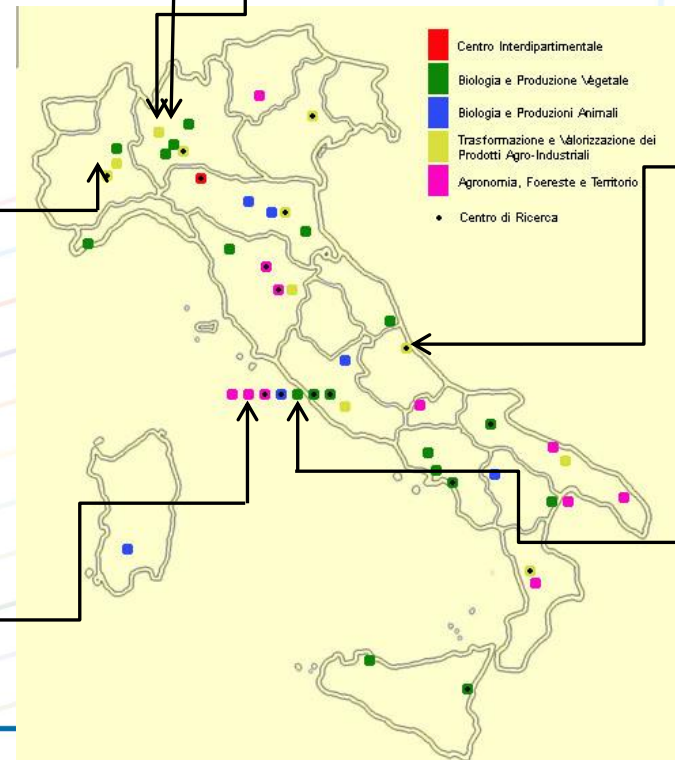
MONTEROTONDO (RM)

agricultural engineering applications: tractors, operative machines, testing, mechanization, precision and smart farming, digital agriculture



ROMA

Cereal processing: durum wheat quality and pasta production



- **Sustainability of agri-food systems:** circular economy, climate change mitigation and adaptation, biodiversity, forestry, resilience of agri-food systems, food quality and safety.
- Inclusiveness in agriculture: women, young farmers, smallholders.
- Innovation: advanced agromechanics, digital sensors, artificial intelligence applications, certification of food products, data access and availability, technology transfer, cutting edge technologies, bioenergies

Current state of Italian Research on agricultural machineries in the framework of precision farming



Scopus search based on the key word: precision agriculture

Refining the search, on a total of 860 papers, since the year 2000, only 60 are strictly related to agricultural machineries. The primary focus of these researches are related to:

- Spraying system on grapewine
- GNSS automatic guidance
- Grapewine yield
- Modification of conventional sprayers for PA applications
- Intra-row weeding systems
- Comfort variation in tractors equipped for PA
- Autonomous machines



Plant specific autonomous sprayer



Kit of reader of dead plants and rows for selective spraying



Sprayer with recovery systems capable to reduce until 80% the product distributed



Selective intra row weeding system

A lack of research is identified for the aspects related to the real and quantifiable advantages of the adoption of precision agriculture machines. Data should be compared with performance declared by constructors.

Thanks to the tax credit started in 2020, there has been a strong boost in **digital farming (4.0)** technologies adoption, even if large margins remain for the full application of the related technologies.



Since the last five years there is a growing interest in the **electrification of the full line** of agricultural machinery with about 10 manufacturers involved on tractors engines (full electric, hybrid), machinery and emerging topic (standardization, safety, maintenance, work rate and autonomy).

For livestock robotization, Italy has recorded great interest in milking (about 1200 farms), feeding (about 150 farms), cleaning and climate control automation and robotization. For agriculture robotization, since 2021 some Italian companies entered into agreements with international producers of Ag robots. Particularly interesting are the applications for the vineyard or for the mechanical weeding in organic farming.

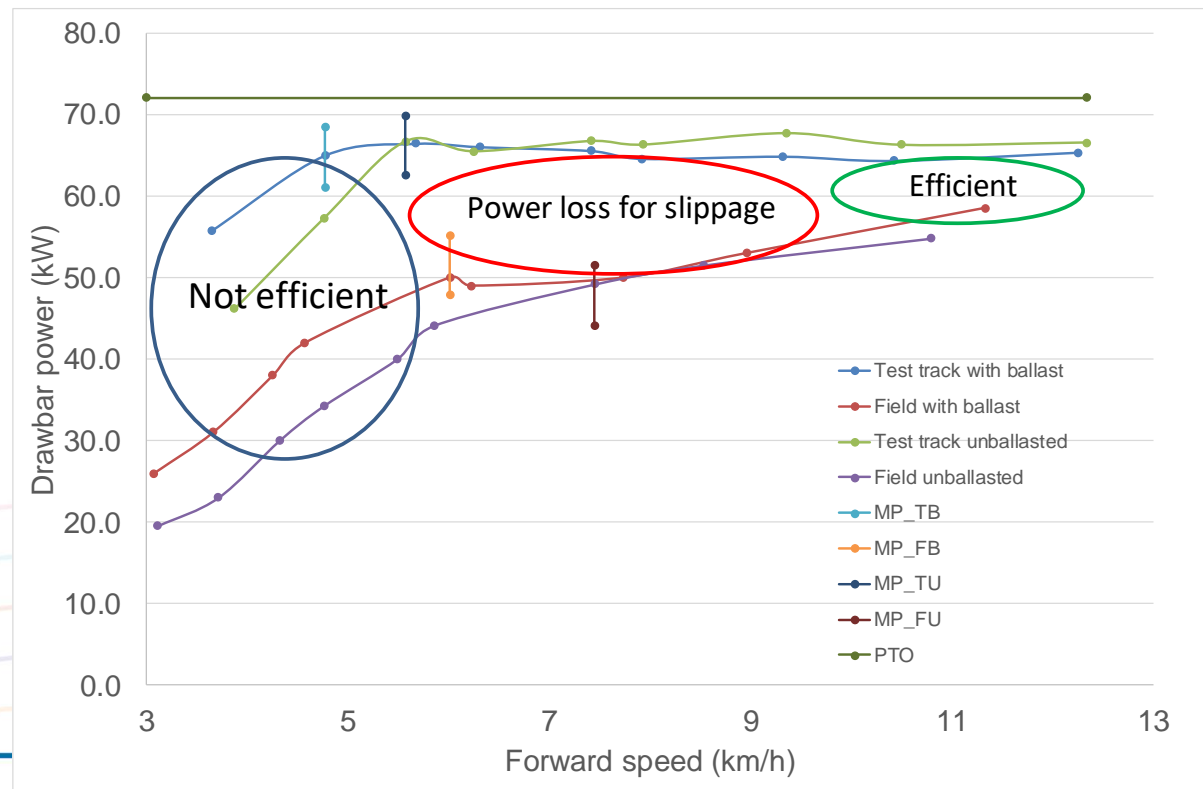




- Improving farm tractor safety on the roll-over protective structure (ROPS, OECD Standard Code 4 and 6)
- Risk of falling object protective structure (FOPS) of agricultural tractor (OECD Standard Code 10)
- Foldable ROPS (maximum force allowed for raising and lowering the structure, operator position)
- Ageing
- Safety zone definition, seat index point (SIP)
- Lateral stability of the agricultural machines (OECD Code 6)
- "whole Body Vibration on Tractors" (OECD, 2016-2017)
- Ergonomic and safety on tractors

Optimizing tractor efficiency is TOPIC FOR INDUSTRY (emission and energy saving).
Tractors: fast development in terms of transmission, tires and engine management.
Fundamental the tractor-implement correct coupling and utilization.

Our tests show that with orrect implementation
possible fuel saving up to 30%.

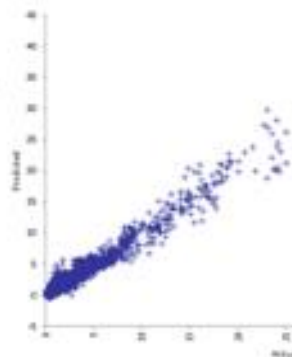


(Bisaglia et al., 2017)

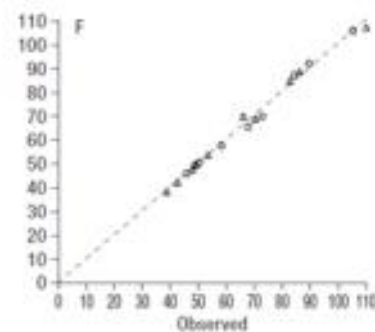
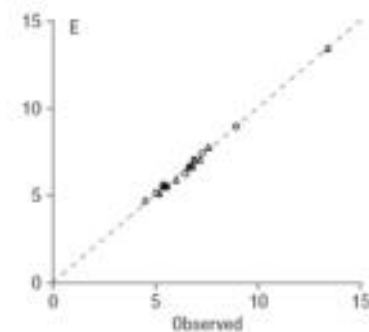
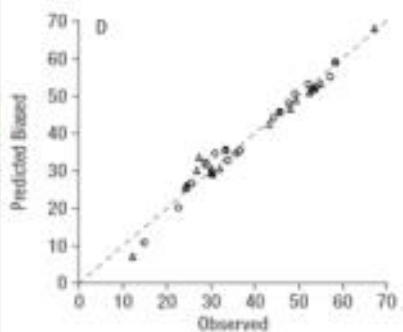
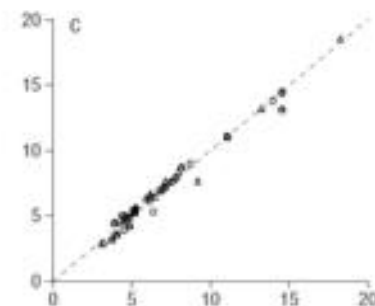
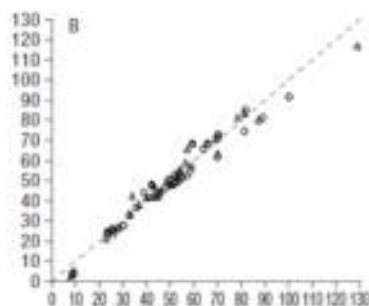
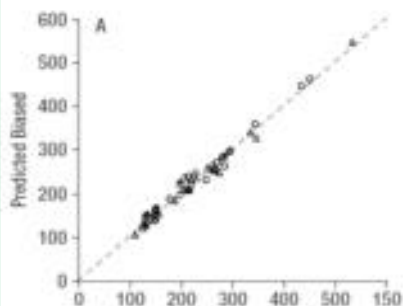
Algorithms for the efficient estimation of consumption of agricultural processing



Processing times
observed/predicted through
Artificial Neural Networks based on
different field shapes



91% - 98% correct prediction!



Observed/predicted costs
from PLS models for different agricultural
processing: A. tillage, B. weeding, C.
fertilization, D. sowing, E. harrowing, and
F. shredding

(Costa et al., 2017)

- Electrification is a major challenge for the agricultural machinery industry and its evolution (CETIM and Tech2Market, 2013)
- New opportunities both for manufacturers and users (new technical functions, increase of performances, decrease of energy cost in particular when self produced, simplified machinery, new comfort and environmental standards)
- Interesting application in tractors (both for open field operations and **specialized orchard** use) and **livestock farming** as robot or self-propelled solutions for feeding cows and bulls where first tests have showed reduction in energy use of **30-40%** with electrical systems compared with conventional diesel-fueled solutions

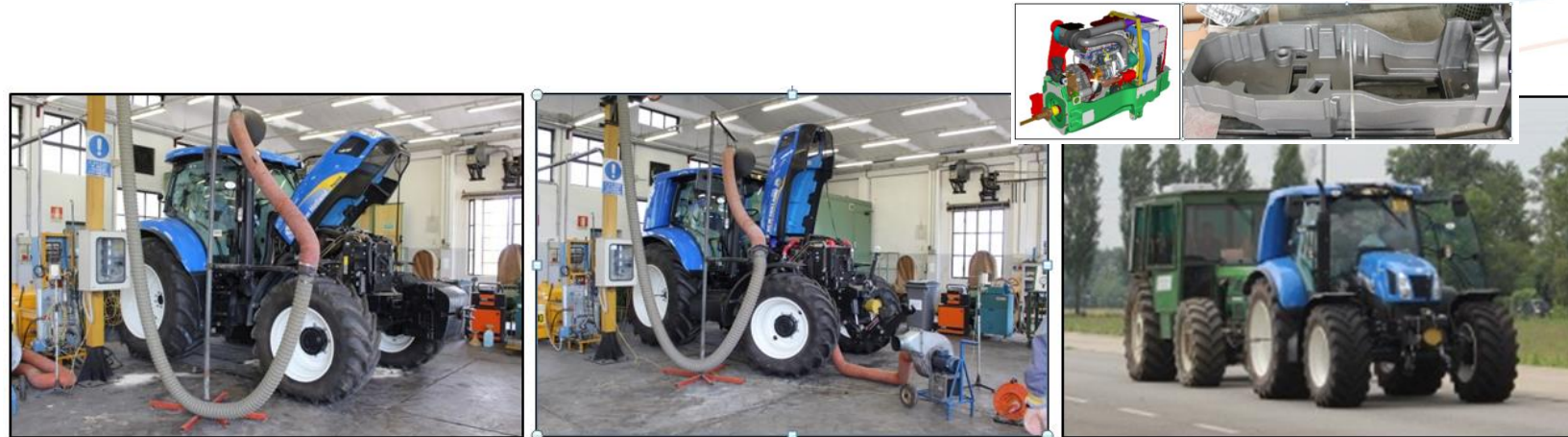


Example of Automatic feeding systems (AFS) fully electric powered



Example of self propelled electric powered mixer wagon (18+15 kW engines power)

- Biomethane is produced from livestock wastes and other organic wastes, it **reduces the emissions of GHG by 84-86%**
- CREA (Treviglio) carried out lab&field tests comparing two similar tractors (fueled by diesel or methane)

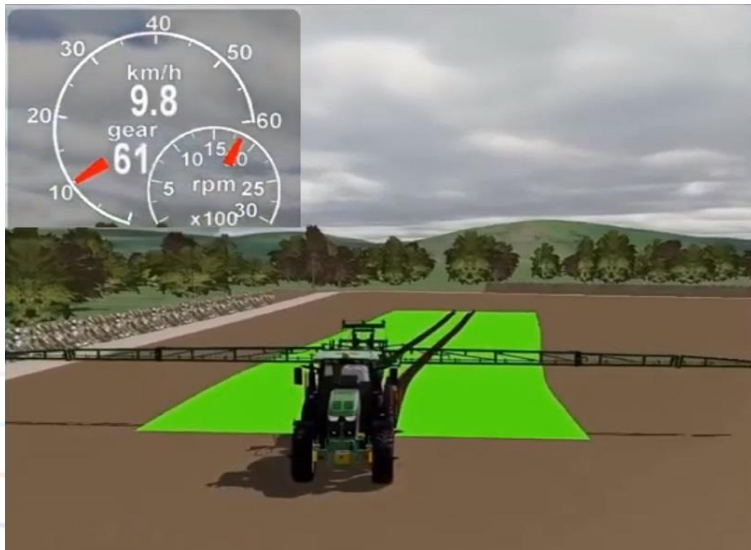


- prototype showed similar performances to diesel engine
- the main issue is autonomy, which is currently 40% of a comparable standard tractor

(Bisaglia et al., 2017)

As part of the "Agridigit" program, the CREA set up a simulation platform (SimAgri) for precision agriculture strategies testing and application

Simulation of VRT



SimAgri reproduces the functionality of a tractor complete with some operating machines.

Its conception foresees a virtual/immersive reality "*driver in the loop*" system: the driver, immersed in the tractor and the working environment, checks the controls and receives the related feedback.

It presents realistic models to reconstruct events from real acquired scenarios.

The simulation areas concern:

- vehicle dynamics,
- global positioning system,
- semi automatic driving,
- management of precision agriculture operations (in particular VRT)

Sensors for Precision farming in Italy

Italian research structures and big sized farms made discrete experiences regarding **advanced testing** of optoelectronic sensors for AdP AND Digital Agriculture applications and their implementation



RGB ● MULTISPECTRAL ● HYPERSPECTRAL
THERMAL



Drone DJI™ SPARK™ RGB \$



Sentera 6X high performance multispectral camera \$\$

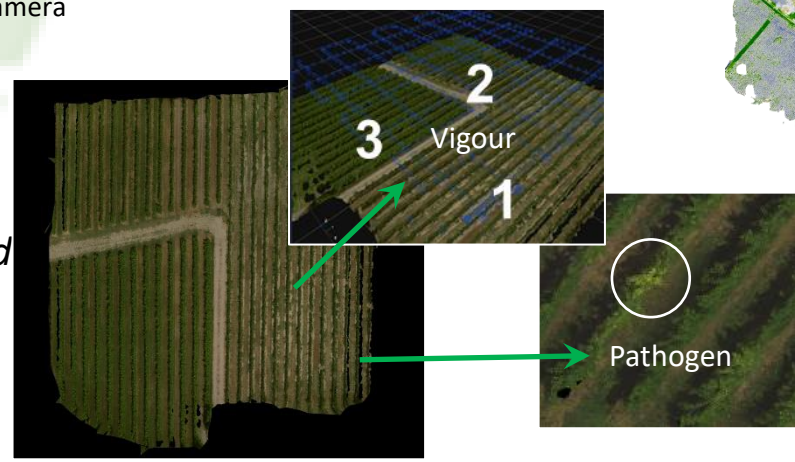


Hyperspectral camera Senop HSC-2 \$\$\$\$

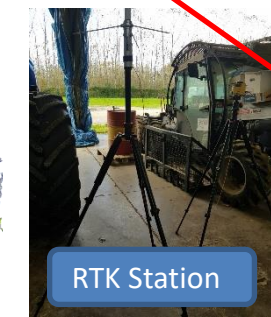
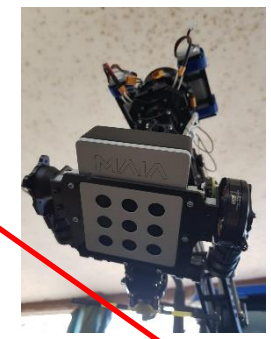
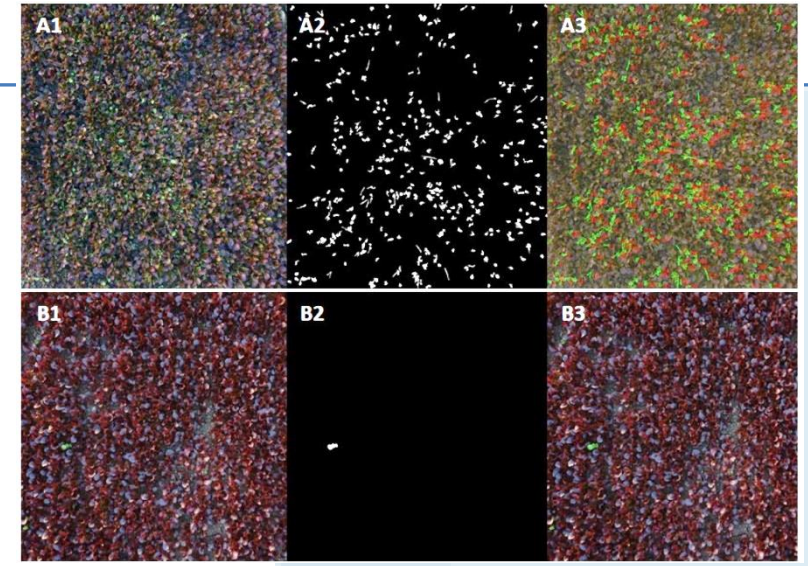
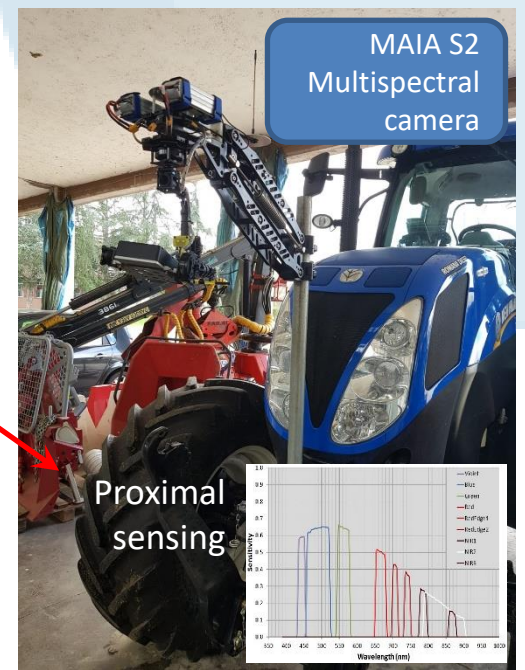
Best practices:

- Vegetation indexes
- Weeds management
- Pathogens prediction and detection

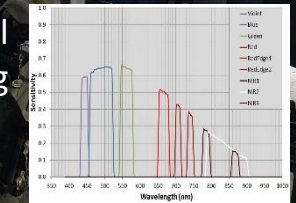
For site-specific semi- or fully-automated farm operations



Weed detection in baby-leaf crops through RGB sensor

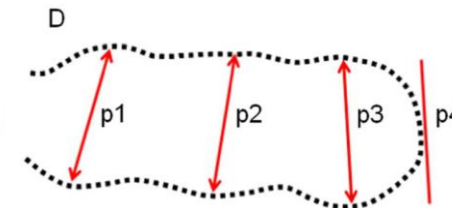
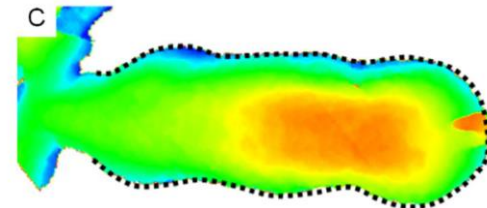



Proximal sensing





Precision Agriculture – *Polarisengineeringsrl.it*



Precision livestock

Original papers

On-barn pig weight estimation based on body measurements by a Kinect v1 depth camera

Andrea Pezzuolo^{a,*}, Marcella Guarino^b, Luigi Sartori^a, Luciano A. González^c,
Francesco Marinello^a

^a Department of Agroforestry and Landscape, University of Padua, Italy

^b Department of Environmental Science and Policy, University of Milan, Italy

^c Centre for Carbon Water and Food, School of Life and Environmental Sciences, Faculty of Agriculture and Environment, The University of Sydney, Camden, NSW, Australia

Research Paper

A convolutional neural network approach to detecting fruit physiological disorders and maturity in 'Abbé Fétel' pears

Alessandro Bonora^{a,*}, Gianmarco Bortolotti^a, Kushtrim Bresilla^{a,b},
Luca Corelli Grappadelli^a, Luigi Manfrini^a

^a Department of Agricultural and Food Science, University of Bologna, Bologna, 40127, Italy

^b Agrosystems Research, Wageningen University and Research, Wageningen, 16708PB, Netherlands



Fig. 2 – Example of superficial scald detection (polygon is ground truth, rectangle is Scald V2 detection).



2021 IEEE INTERNATIONAL WORKSHOP ON
METROLOGY FOR AGRICULTURE
AND FORESTRY

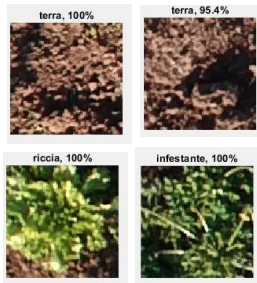
Anomaly detection in plant growth in a
controlled environment using
3D scanning techniques and deep learning

Via Xhimistiku, University of Padua, Italy; Federico Bianchi, Idea-Re Srl, Italy; Massimiliano Proietti, Idea-Re Srl, Italy; Tommaso Tocci, University of Perugia, Italy; Andrea Marini, Idea-Re Srl, Italy; Lorenzo Menculini, Idea-Re Srl, Italy; Loris Francesco Termitte, X-Digitale Srl, Italy; Edvige Pucci, Idea-Re Srl, Italy; Alberto Garina, Guglielmo Marconi University, Italy; Marcello Marconi, Guglielmo Marconi University, Italy; Gianluca Rossi, University of Perugia, Italy.

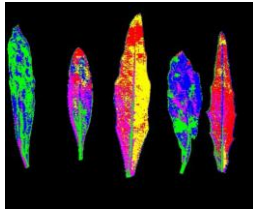


EARLY DETECTION

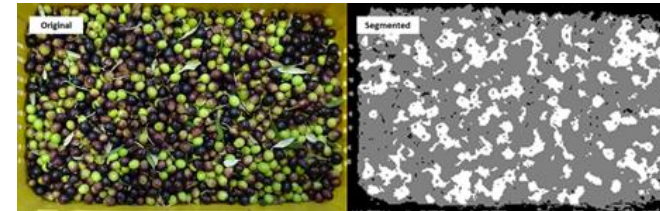
Weed detection



Plant diseases



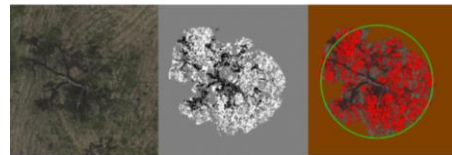
FOOD QUALITY EVALUATION



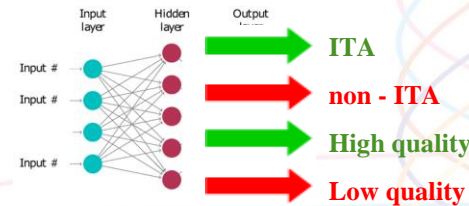
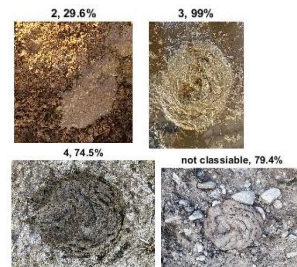
TECNOLOGY IMPROVEMENT



Production estimate from UAV



Animal Health



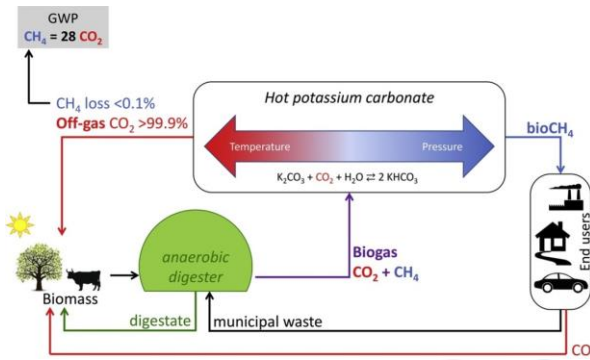
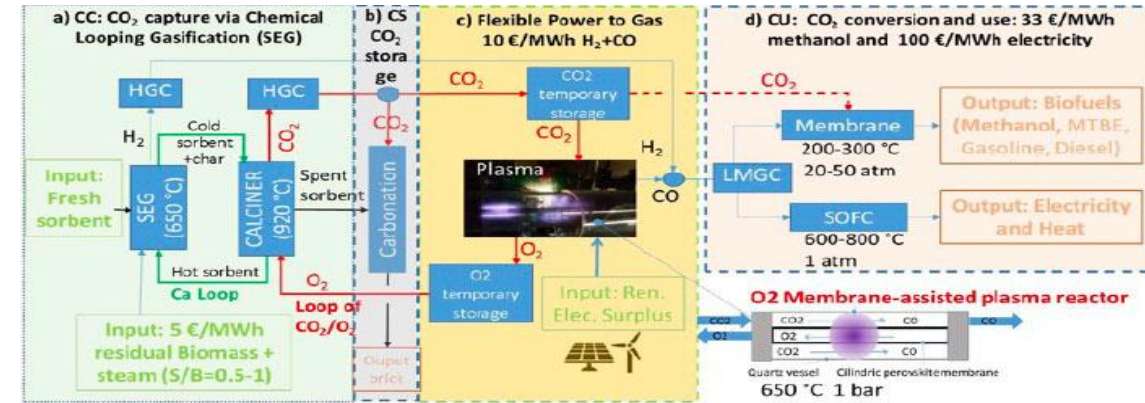
AgritechLab, CREA-IT
(Ingegneria e Trasformazioni
agroalimentari -Monterotondo
(Italy)

RECENT PUBLICATIONS

1. Navarro, A., Nicastro, N., Costa, C., Pentangelo, A., Cardarelli, M., Ortenzi, L., ... & Pane, C. (2022). **Sorting biotic and abiotic stresses on wild rocket by leaf-image hyperspectral data mining with an artificial intelligence model.** *Plant methods*, 18(1), 1-14.
2. Ortenzi, L., Violino, S., Pallottino, F., Figorilli, S., Vasta, S., Tocci, F., ... & Costa, C. (2021). **Early Estimation of Olive Production from Light Drone Orthophoto, through Canopy Radius.** *Drones*, 5(4), 118.
3. Ortenzi, L., Colle, G., Costa, C., & Moscovini, L. (2021, November). **Italian Speech Commands for Forestry applications.** In *2021 IEEE International Workshop on Metrology for Agriculture and Forestry (MetroAgriFor)* (pp. 401-405). IEEE.

ENEA - Italian National Agency for New Technologies, Energy and Sustainable Economic Development

ENEA works on experimental activities for the production of green hydrogen from biomass gasification, with capture of CO₂ by solid sorbents. The process for the energy exploitation of captured carbon dioxide will be optimized through the use of highly innovative reactors in which CO₂ is dissociated into carbon monoxide (CO) and oxygen (O₂) by means of an ionized gas (cold plasma).

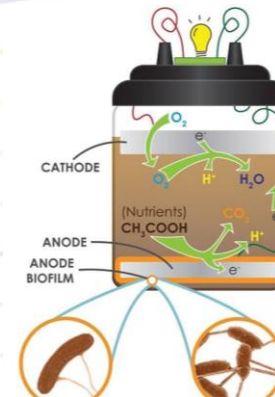


CNR-IIA - National Research Council Institute of Atmospheric Pollution Research

The CNR-IIA works for optimising the cleaning and upgrading of biogas to biomethane (for example, an upgrading system based on the use of zeolites has been developed in collaboration with CREA-IT). Have carried out numerous studies also to optimize the processes for assessment of CH₄ emissions from biomethane purification

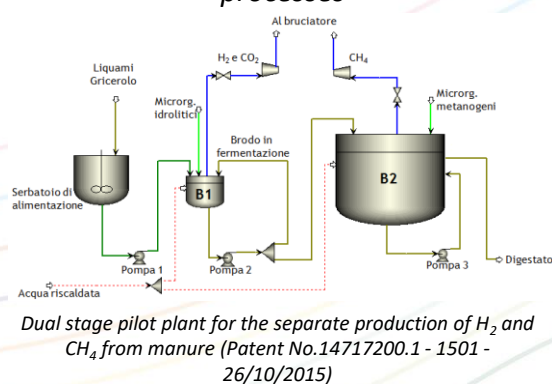
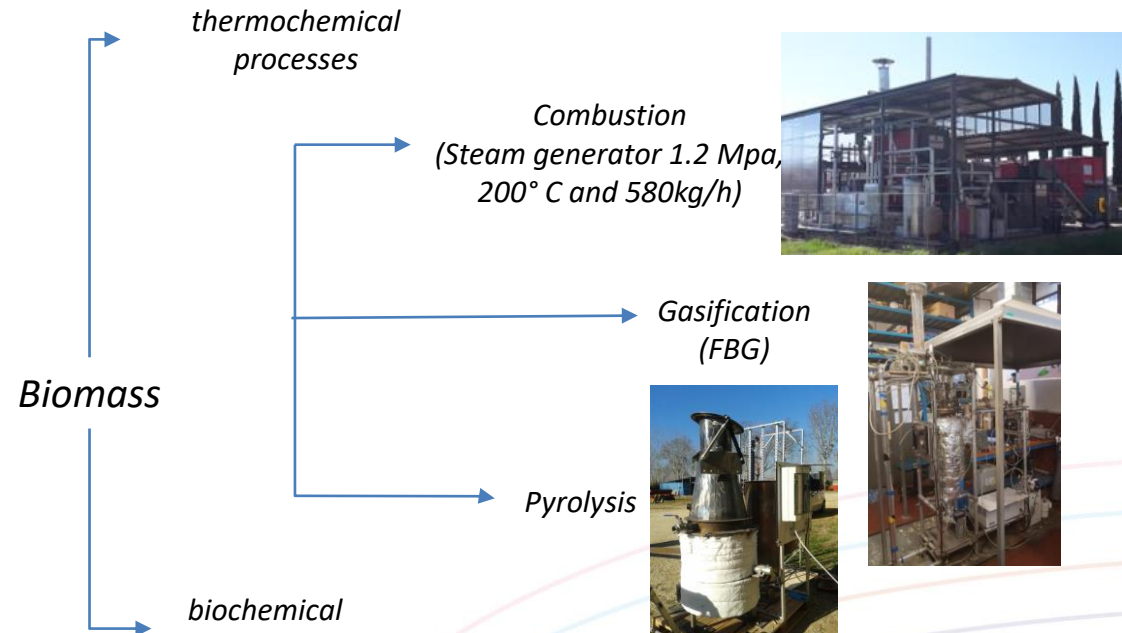
DIMA - Department of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering

DIMA in collaboration with the University of Novi Sad (Faculty of Sciences) conducting research on Terrestrial Microbial Fuel Cells (TMFCs), a type of BES (Bio-Electrochemical Systems) that can both generate electricity and mitigate greenhouse gas emissions and bioremediate soil and sediment from pollution. The study aimed at evaluating MFCs' ability to generate electricity and, simultaneously, enhance Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) degradation in historically contaminated sediments.

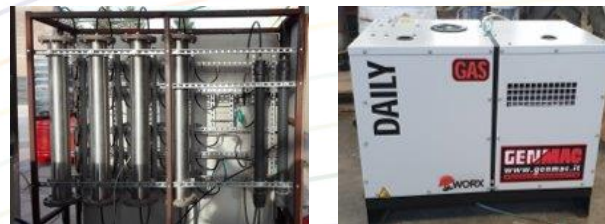


DIMA also works on the optimization of technologies for the CCU (Carbon Capture Utilization) through thermochemical cycles that involve a metal oxides (MxOy) flowing through two or more reactors for CO₂/H₂O splitting into CO/H₂, with conversion rates of about 35%

Energy conversion processes of biomass

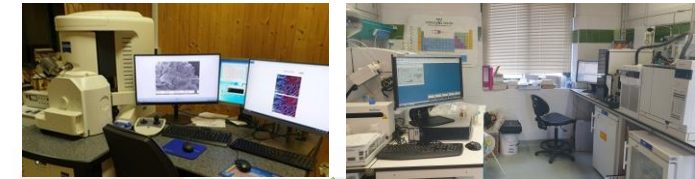


biogas and biomethane



Upgrading system with zeolites and ferric oxide for CO₂ and H₂S removal

Internal combustion engine (ICE)



Emission monitoring:

- Metals
- Macro pollutants: CO, CO₂, PM, NO_x, SO₂, TOC
- Micro pollutants: VOC, PAH, PCB, PCDD/F

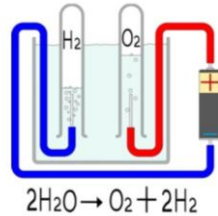
Syngas analysis:

- Metals
- Tar
- Composition (CH₄, H₂, CO₂, CO, ecc.)

Biogas and Biomethane Analysis:

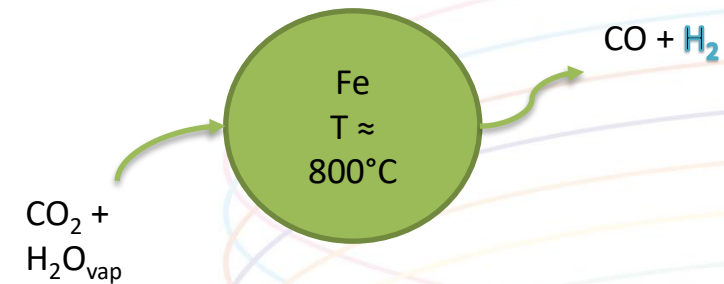
- Metals
- Siloxanes, VOC
- Composition (CH₄, H₂, CO₂, CO, etc.)

The agrophotovoltaic aims to produce green energy using solar radiation, a process that must take place in harmony with the environment and the crops present. CREA-IT is developing integration solutions between solar energy and biomass energy, such as the use of panels to produce energy to power conversion or abatement systems (such as the ceramic filter, for thermal cracking, feed for the abatement of contaminants in the gasification system) or also for the production of Hydrogen

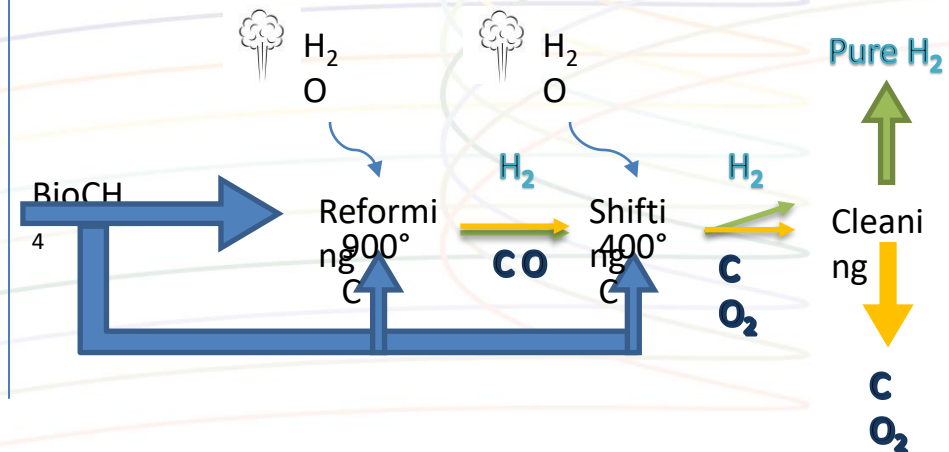


- Biomass Steam Generator (Steam Reforming)
- Installations for gasification or pyrolysis
- Biogas production systems and biomethane upgrading
- Electrolysis to produce H₂

CREA-IT is conducting research for the production of syngas with reduced CO₂ content and high H₂ content thanks to CLH (Chemical-Looping Hydrogenation). This CCU (Carbon Capture Utilization) technology converts CO₂ and H₂O(v) to H₂ and CO using metal catalysts (such as Fe).



CREA-IT also works on optimising BioH₂ production. For example, with processes of gasification and conversion or steam reforming of biomethane.



Grazie per l'attenzione

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